

Nano-bio systems for water remediation

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We present the development of a novel nano-bio catalyst usable in downstream treatment of industrial wastewater remediation. We combined the potentialities of *Chlorella vulgaris* microalgae with the photocatalytic properties of TiO₂ NPs, in order to investigate unexplored synergistic effects which will enable the innovation of the algal remediation technology toward a more promising cost-effective balance consistent with its industrial implementation. We started from non-living *C. vulgaris*, which keeps the absorption properties of the living microalgae, but greatly enhancing its processability. *C. vulgaris* biomass was coupled with TiO₂ NPs with an optimized colloidal process and with different TiO₂/*C. vulgaris* weight ratios. The hybrid nanosols were then dried by means of a spray freeze drying (SFD) technique, able to produce highly reactive granules [1]. A widespread physicochemical characterization of the nano-bio catalysts (DLS, ELS, BET, FESEM, FTIR, ICP-OES, UV-VIS) supported the preparation process and the performances evaluation in terms of Cu²⁺ absorption and photocatalytic activity. The results exhibited greatly enhanced heavy metal absorption, pointing out a positive synergistic interaction between *C. Vulgaris* and TiO₂. The preliminary results pave the way for the integration of such nano-bio catalysts into water remediation systems. Tests are ongoing on living microalgae doped with TiO₂, where the metabolic activity could emphasize new application perspectives.

[1] Innovative synthesis of nanostructured composite materials by a spray-freeze drying process: Efficient catalysts and photocatalysts preparation, *Catalysis today* 2018 <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cattod.2018.11.022>